



**ALARM LOCK**

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# Trilogy

## DK3000 Series

### Programming Instructions

WI1119E 5/07



DK3000



AL-DTM  
DATA TRANSFER MODULE



DL-WINDOWS PROGRAMMING SOFTWARE



AL-IR1 PRINTER

## Alarm Lock Trilogy Series of Standalone Access Control Systems

# DK3000 SERIES LOCK

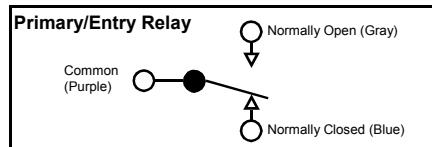
## DK3000



DK3000

Instead of a lock, the DK3000 keypad operates main and auxiliary relays, and can be used to trigger a door strike, an electromagnetic door lock, or any other relay-activated device. Programming may be performed manually from the keypad, or from a PC using Alarm Lock's DL-Windows Software.

**Note:** The DK3000 is not a complete lock system, and should be thought of as a lock controlling device. The DK3000's Primary/Entry and Auxiliary relays can be used to activate or deactivate a door strike or a door magnet locking device. In a typical application, the DK3000 will energize its Primary/Entry Relay upon the keypad entry of a valid user code. The relays used in the DK3000 are of the three contact *Form C* type, containing a Common, Normally Closed, and a Normally Open contact. (See following diagram schematic of Primary/Entry relay).



It is the installers discretion as to whether a circuit is opened or closed when the relay is energized. For the purpose of this manual, when we refer to an **unlocked system**, the relay will be **energized**. For a **locked system**, the relay is **not energized** (i.e. in its normal state).

In addition, the DK3000 does not use an on-board battery supply, but is supplied with an externally wired AC/DC power source.

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# DK Series Lock Features

## Audit Trail

- 40,000 Event Capacity
- Entries Logged with Time and Date
- Critical Programming Events Logged
- Printable using the AL-IR1 Hand-Held Printer (see page 24, Function 55)
- Uploadable using Alarm Lock's DL-Windows software (see page 24, Function 58)
- Transferable to AL-DTMs (see page 25, Function 59)

## Lock Features

- Keypad Lockout (see page 25, Functions 60-61)
- Non-Volatile (Fixed) Memory
- Real-Time Clock (within one second accuracy)  
(see page 22, Functions 43-44)
- Programmable Relay (see page 29)
- Visual and Audible Keypad Feedback (see page 9)
- Battery/Power Status Monitor (see page 9)

## Scheduling

- 500 Scheduled Events (see pages 27-32)
- Automated Unlock/Lock
- Enable/Disable Users (see page 18, Function 3)
- Enable/Disable Groups (see page 19)
- Four "Quick Schedules" (contains 4 most common schedules) (see page 28)
- Real-time clock and calendar (see page 21)
- Programmable Timeout Functions (see page 20)

## User Access Methods

- Keypad Entered User Codes (see page 17)

## User Features

- 2000 Users (see page 17)
- Six pre-defined Administration User Levels including *Master, Installer, Manager, Supervisor, Print-Only* and *Basic* User Codes (see page 8)
- User Code Lengths from 3-6 digits
- Service Code ("One-Time-Only" Code) (see page 7)
- User Lockout Mode (see page 18, Function 6)
- Users Assignable to 4 Groups (see page 20)
- *Ambush* Function (see page 25, Function 66)

## Keypad and Computer Programming

- All programming may be performed manually from the keypad, or from a PC using Alarm Lock's DL-Windows Software (see page 4)

## Auxiliary Relay

- Can be programmed to follow the Main/Entry Relay to operate (for example) a second door
- Can be used to operate some other device, such as a camera or a light
- Can be controlled by a schedule (but will also affect the Main Relay)

# Supported Products



## Data Transfer Module (AL-DTM)

An **AL-DTM** can be used to transfer Lock Programs (and other data) between DL-Windows and up to 48 locks. When computers cannot be transported or when electrical power is not available, the hand-held **AL-DTM** device acts as a go-between—it allows the transfer of lock data from the computer (through the **AL-DTM**) and to the lock, or in reverse (from the lock through the **AL-DTM** back to the computer).



## Infrared Printer (AL-IR1)

An **AL-IR1** printer is used to print Audit Trails and User Code lists without the need for a PC. Its infrared reader means no cable connection to the lock is needed.



## AL-PCI Cable

An ALARM LOCK **AL-PCI** cable is required to communicate between your computer's RS-232 serial communications port (COM 1-4) and the **AL-DTM** or lock. One end of the **AL-PCI** cable is designed to be used on a 9-pin serial Com Port. If your computer has a 25-pin Com Port only, a 25-pin to 9-pin adapter must be used. The other end of the **AL-PCI** cable features a 2-pin banana plug connector which is polarity sensitive—the TAB (marked "GND") side must be plugged into the lock's **black** (left) terminal.



## Double-ended Mini Banana Plug Connector

After you create the program in DL-Windows and transfer the program from your computer to an **AL-DTM**, transfer the program from the **AL-DTM** to the lock(s) via a double-ended mini banana plug.



## DB9 to DB9 Serial Cable

Enroll User Codes into DL-Windows, then transfer this new User Code data from the computer to the **AL-PRE** via this 9-pin DB9 to DB9 serial cable. Once the data is in the **AL-PRE**, you can transfer the data to the lock via the double-ended mini banana plug (see above), thus avoiding the need to use an **AL-PCI** cable for this process.



# Lock Design Overview

## Why Use Software inside a Lock?

With ordinary door locks, the need to make physical copies of metal keys and distributing them can be a huge organizational and financial task -- and what will you do if someone causes a security breach by losing their key?

The answer lies in the advantage of SOFTWARE. Software (also known as "firmware") is not "hard" or "fixed" like hardware is. Software is "soft" -- flexible and changeable to your needs. Software exists inside your Alarm Lock™ series lock, and can be programmed (and re-programmed again and again) to suit your changing requirements. No more metal keys to distribute...instead, distribute *User Codes* -- and delete them from the software when needed. (A *User Code* is the software equivalent of a metal key--it is a series of numbers the User enters into the door lock keypad to unlock the lock).

## Preparing to Program your Lock

At first glance, your new DK series lock may look complicated, but it is in fact designed in a very straightforward way. The keypad contains 12 buttons, numbers 1 through 9 plus zero, a star button (  ) and a special "AL" button (  ). These 12 buttons are all you need to program your lock. In addition to manually programming your lock (using only the keypad), you can also program your lock using a computer program called DL-Windows. DL-Windows is not needed--but it makes programming faster and easier. This guide will show you how to program your lock manually, without DL-Windows. (For more information about DL-Windows, see User Guide OI237).




Programming your lock begins after you unpack it from the box -- there is a specific procedure outlined in "Quick Start" (page 14) in which you "wake up" the lock to prepare it for programming. This "Quick Start" procedure shows you all the steps required to get your lock to start working. To begin programming, you must first enter something called "Program Mode".

## What is Program Mode?

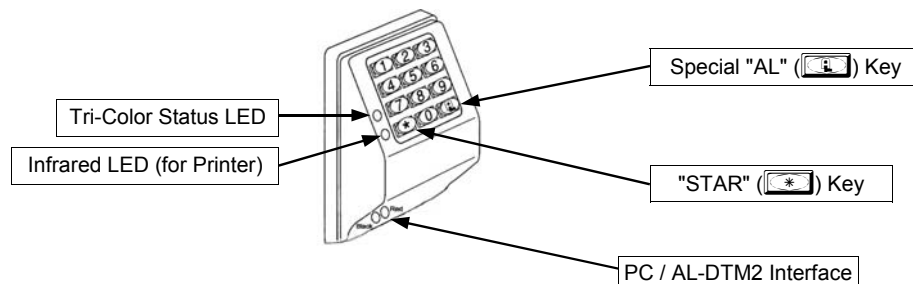
Most technical people find working with "hardware" easy--they use tools to make fixes or changes to hardware. But with the *software* inside the lock, you enact changes (you "interface") through the keypad. The software has only two "modes"--"Normal Mode" and "Program Mode". When you want to make changes to the lock program, you enter "Program Mode". When you finish programming and wish to put the lock into use, you exit Program Mode to enter "Normal Mode".

You enter Program Mode using the keypad--by pressing the *Master Code* of the lock that was set at the factory. The Master Code is basically a secret passcode that allows you to enter Program Mode. But since all locks are identical and leave the factory with the same Master Code, the factory Master Code is therefore not very secret--and should be changed to your own personal Master Code. This way, only YOU can enter Program Mode and make changes to the lock programming.

Once the new Master Code is set, then you can continue with the *Quick Start* procedure and set the weekday, date and time. After this, you can start entering User Codes for people to use. All changes to the lock are organized by their Function Number. Want to change the date? Use Function Number 38. Want to add a User Code? Use Function Number 2. There are 99 Functions in total, some that you will use often, and others that you may never need.

Notice that when you program your lock, programming tends to follow a consistent 5-step pattern: (1) Enter Program Mode (2) Press  followed by the Function # (3) Press  and enter data (4) Press  to end (5) Exit Program Mode.

Turn the page and learn about the special terminology used with your lock. Once that is clear, use the Quick Start procedure (on page 14) to help you get up and running.



# Terminology Used in this Manual

## What is a Lock Program?

A Lock Program contains the instructions that a lock uses to perform its various functions. You can use the keypad to create a Lock Program stored within the lock. You can also use DL-Windows (defined below) to create a Lock Program on your computer, and then transfer and store the Program in the circuitry contained inside the lock itself. The Lock Program is essentially a computer database file that maintains feature settings, schedules, audit trails, etc. Using DL-Windows, Lock Programs can be created with default information, edited on your PC, and then sent to (and even received from) locks.

The **Lock Program** consists of 4 areas: **User Codes**, **Features**, **Time Zones**, and **Schedules**, all defined below:

## What are User Codes?

Also called *User Access Codes* or *PIN No. Codes*, User Codes are numbers the User enters into the lock keypad to unlock the lock. The User Codes are part of the Lock Program, and the Lock Program is stored in the lock circuitry awaiting the Users to key in their User Codes.

## What are Features?

Your lock is designed to support several options and functions. Using the keypad or DL-Windows software (the **Programmable Features** window), you can select the features you wish to activate, such as if the lock will automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time in the spring and autumn, or if the lock sounder should be disabled or enabled.

## What is a TimeZone?

Events (recorded lock activities) can be programmed to occur at certain times. It is these times (for example, "every Tuesday at 5PM") that are referred to as *TimeZones*. TimeZones can be created manually through the keypad. In DL-Windows, you can use the **Schedule-TimeZone** screen to create these TimeZones, and once created, you can link events to these TimeZones.

## What is a Schedule?

Your lock can be programmed to maintain a schedule in which certain events can occur automatically. For example, you can program the lock to allow Groups of Users (with their User Codes) access ONLY during specific business hours. With another example, you can program another lock to UNLOCK at 9am, LOCK at noon for lunch, UNLOCK at 1pm, and LOCK again at 5pm—every weekday. As you can see, many different combinations of Schedules can be created to suit the needs of the Users. First you create *TimeZones* (see above). Next you create events and link them to your TimeZones (also using the **Schedule-TimeZone** screen in DL-Windows). When finished, you can view (in DL-Windows) your schedule in the **Schedule View** screen.

## What is a User?

A User is a person who is authorized to simply use or make certain programming changes to the lock. This User can be anyone—from a one-time visitor (who will almost certainly have no authority to make changes) to the owner of the building in which the lock is installed (who will probably wish to have total authority to make changes). The DK Series locks can hold hundreds of Users in its programming memory, and each User possesses a pre-defined level of authority—a **Programming Level**—as to their ability to use or make changes to the lock.

## What is a Programming Level?

The Programming Level defines the range of programming tasks a User is allowed to perform. The higher the Level, the more programming tasks the User is allowed (with Master allowing ALL tasks).

**Note:** Since the Programming Level is closely associated with the type of User and their abilities, a User who holds a certain Programming Level is sometimes referred to by their "**User Type**".

For example, *DK3000 Series* locks can hold up to 2000 Users in its programming memory, and each User is associated with a User Number (see definition of "User Number" below) and therefore a specific Programming Level, as follows:

**Master:** Always associated with User Number 1. Is always enabled and can program all functions. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = M).

**Installer:** Always associated with User Numbers 2 and 3. Can program all functions except changing the Master Code. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = 4).

**Manager:** Always associated with User Numbers 4, 5, and 6. Can program all functions except functions relating to lock configuration. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = 3).

**Supervisor:** Always associated with User Numbers 7, 8 and 9. Can only program functions relating to day to day operation. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = 2).

**Print Only Users:** Always associated with User Numbers 10 & 11. Restricted to print event logs only. No other programming ability allowed. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = 1).

**Basic Users:** Always associated with User Number 12 and higher (except 297-300). No programming ability allowed. Most Users are *Basic Users*, who are given their own personal User Codes and are only allowed to simply unlock the lock when desired.

Programming Levels are hierarchical—higher levels are allowed to do anything the levels below them can do. For example, if you are a *Manager*, you are allowed to do anything that *Supervisors*, *Print-Only Users* and *Basic Users* can do in addition to those tasks allowed for Managers (Level 3). **See page 8 for more information.**

## What is the Minimum Required Program Level?

This Programming Level abbreviation is the *minimum* programming level required to access the particular Function. (The higher the level number, the more programming tasks the User is allowed, with Master allowing all tasks).

In this manual, Programming Levels for the DK series locks are abbreviated as follows: **M** = Master, **4** = Installer, **3** = Manager, **2** = Supervisor, **1** = Print Only Users. See page 8 for more information.

## What is a User Number?

(*User Number = Location Number = User Location = Slot in Lock*) User Numbers are used and are significant within each individual lock only. The User Number determines the Programming Level for each User. For example, DK Series locks can hold up to 2000 Users in its programming memory. This memory can be thought of as simply a numbered list from 1 through 2000. Each entry in the list is represented by a User Number. Therefore, *where* a User is located in this list—their *User Location*—is a commonly used description of their User Number. Because of their similarities, a *User Number*, *User Location* and *Location Number* can be used interchangeably. In some DL-Windows screens, the word "Slot" is

# Terminology Used in this Manual (cont'd)

also used. They all mean the same thing.

Since User Numbers are fixed, knowing a User Number will specify the associated Programming Level, and will in turn indicate a User's programming abilities. For example, User Number 1 is always the Master, who can perform all programming tasks.

Programming Levels are hierarchical--higher levels are allowed to do anything the levels below them can do. For example, if you are User 2, you are allowed to do anything that Users 3 through 2000 can do.

## What is a Group?

With many lock applications, it is convenient for large numbers of similar Users to be grouped together. Placing Users into Groups (by assigning them specific User Numbers) allows large numbers of Users to be controlled all at once rather than individually--saving time and effort. Groups are controlled via schedules, and a typical example involves enabling or disabling a Group at a certain time. Default Group associations are specified in the tables on page 8. For example, if you wish to add a User to Group 1, assign this User a User Number between 51 and 100. These default Group associations can be changed if needed to allow Groups larger than the default number of 50 (by using keypad Function 35). (See page 20 for some Group function examples).

## Who are Users 297-300?

Users assigned to User Numbers 297, 298, 299 and 300 have special abilities, as follows:

### User 297: Quick Enable User 300

User 297 possesses the unique ability to enable the User Code associated with User 300. User 297 does this by first entering their own *User 297 User Code* into the lock keypad. When User 300 subsequently enters their *User 300 User Code*, the lock allows access (for one time) and then the *User 300 User Code* becomes disabled.

For example, you wish to allow one-time access to a temporary worker. Simply enter the *User 297 User Code* into the lock keypad. Later, when the temporary worker enters the *User 300 User Code* into the lock keypad, the *User 300 User Code* allows access (for one time only) and then becomes disabled. Later, if you wish to grant the temporary worker re-access, simply re-enter the *User 297 User Code* and the *User 300 User Code* will be re-enabled (again for one time only).

### User 298: Quick PC Access Code

Entering the User Code for User 298 enables that User to send data to or from the lock. Therefore, User 298 can activate what is the equivalent of Function 58 in Program Mode (see page 24), without the need to enter Program Mode nor the need to know the Master Code of the lock. An AL-PCI cable with a PC is required. **NOTE:** The User Code for User 298 is not an Access Code.

### User 299: AL-DTM Code

This is the only User Code that will initiate data transfer with the

AL-DTM--and without allowing the User to pass through the door (the User Code for User 299 is not an Access Code). An AL-PCI cable and an AL-DTM (first programmed by the computer via the *DTM* or *DTM2* screen in DL-Windows) is required.

### User 300: One-Time Only Service Code

This is a *One-Time Only Service User Code* enabled by User 297. For example, User Code 300 is sometimes used for guard tour duties. See *User 297: Quick Enable User 300* above.

## What is DL-Windows?

DL-Windows is a computer program that allows you to program your ALARM LOCK T3 Security Lock. You do not need DL-Windows to program your lock, but it makes programming much faster and easier. With DL-Windows, you can quickly create Lock Programs (programs that make the lock perform its many functions) add multiple Users (who have access), retrieve event logs, and create Schedules. The benefit of DL-Windows is that it allows you to set up all lock programming in advance (on your computer), and then later send the information to the locks at your convenience.

# Programming Levels

The Programming Level defines the range of programming tasks a User is allowed to perform. The higher the Level, the more programming tasks the User is allowed (with Master allowing ALL tasks).

**Note:** Since the Programming Level is closely associated with the type of User and their abilities, a User who holds a certain Programming Level is sometimes referred to by their "User Type".

For example, DK Series locks can hold hundreds of Users in its programming memory, and each User is associated with a User Number (see definition of "User Number" in the previous "Terminology" section) and therefore a specific Programming Level, as follows:

**Master:** Always associated with User number 1. Is always enabled and can program all functions. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = M).

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**Print Only Users:** Always associated with Users 10 & 11. Restricted to print audit trails only. No other programming ability allowed. (Abbreviated as Programming Level = 1).

**Basic Users:** Always associated with User number 12 and higher (except 297-300). No programming ability allowed.

Programming Levels are hierarchical--higher levels are allowed to do anything the levels below them can do. For example, if you are a *Manager*, you are allowed to do anything that *Supervisors*, *Print-Only Users* and *Basic Users* can do in addition to those tasks allowed for Managers (Level 3).

## Lock Defaults for DK3000

Users added will default to a Group Association and a Program Level Ability as follows:

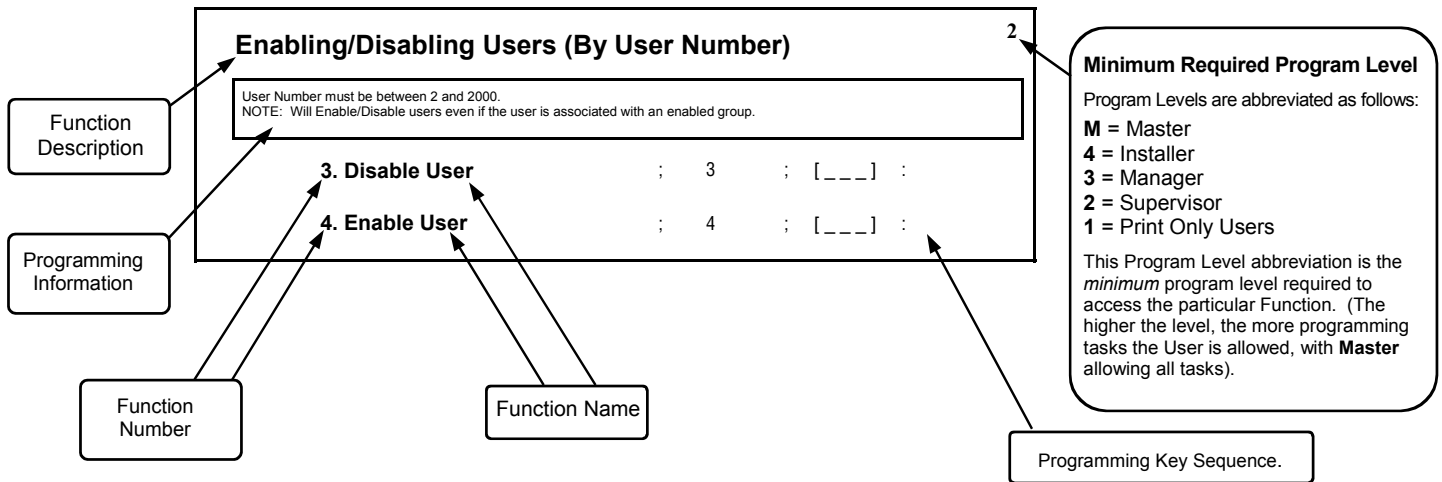
USER TYPE	USER NUMBER	GROUP DEFAULT ASSOCIATION	MINIMUM PROGRAM LEVEL (See page 6)
Master Code	1	-	M
Installer Codes	2 & 3	none	4
Manager Codes	4 - 6	none	3
Supervisor Codes	7 - 9	none	2
Print Only Codes	10 - 11	none	1
Basic User Codes	12 - 50	none	none
Basic User Codes Group 1	51 - 100	1	none
Basic User Codes Group 2	101 - 150	2	none
Basic User Codes Group 3	151 - 200	3	none
Basic User Codes Group 4	201 - 250	4	none
Basic User Codes	251 - 296	none	none
Quick Enable User 300 Code	297	none	none
Quick PC Access Code	298	none	none
AL-DTM Code	299	none	none
Service Code	300	none	none
Basic User Codes	301-2000	none	none

### NOTES:

User 299 is a Non-Pass Code. This is the only code that will initiate data transfer with the AL-DTM.



# Conventions Used in this Manual



## General Program Mode Information

If a wrong key is pressed during code entry, hold any key continuously until the error sound is heard (7 short beeps), this will clear the entry. Re-enter the key sequence again.

All program sequences are followed by the : key; 2 short beeps indicate a successful program sequence.

## LED and Sounder Indicators

The DK Series locks provide visual and audible keypad feedback. The LED and sounder feedback is as follows:

ACTIVITY	LED	SOUNDER	COMMENTS
Keypress	1 RED Flash	1 Beep	Normal Operation
Access Granted or Remote Release	3 GREEN Flashes	3 Beeps	Remote release enabled through activation of relay
Invalid Code	6 RED Flashes	6 Beeps	Re-enter User Code
Successful Program Entry	2 GREEN Flashes	2 Beeps	When in Program Mode
Unsuccessful Program Entry	7 RED Flashes	7 Beeps	When in Program Mode
Exit Program Mode	1 RED , 2 GREEN Flashes	10 Beeps	
Valid but Disabled Code	1 GREEN , 4 RED Flashes	1 long, 5 short beeps	Code exists in memory, but disabled
Low Battery/Power	YELLOW Flash during key presses	Long Beep	Battery backup power low or insufficient power input
User Code Entered	YELLOW Flash	Sequence of 7 Beeps Repeated 4 Times	Non-fatal memory or clock error has been detected. Under this condition, unexpected operation is possible. Remove power and restart.

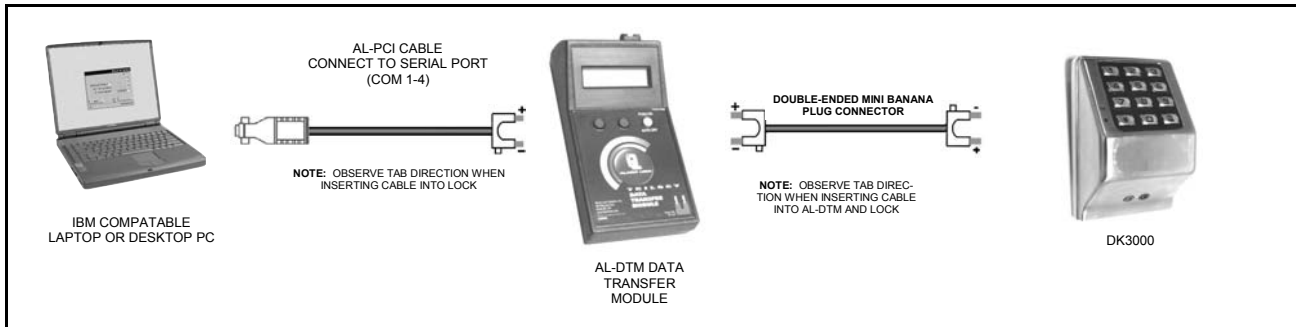
## Product Communication Examples

Send to lock

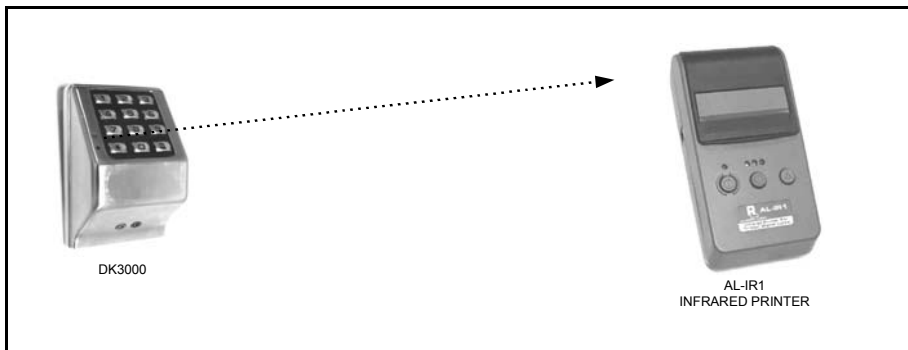
Receive from lock



**Scenario 1** Create the program in DL-Windows on your computer, then transfer the program from the computer directly to the lock via an AL-PCI cable. You must always enter the User 298 User Code to send or receive data Using DL-Windows.



**Scenario 2** Create the program in DL-Windows and transfer the program from your computer to an AL-DTM (via an AL-PCI cable)... then transfer the program from the AL-DTM to the lock(s) (via a double-ended mini banana plug). The hand-held AL-DTM is useful because you do not have to transport (or find electricity for) your computer. Data can also flow in reverse, from the lock, through the AL-DTM, back to the computer for examination.



**Scenario 4** Use the AL-IR1 Infrared printer to print your lock's audit trail (event log), User Code list, clock settings and software version. No cable required.

### NOTE:

The AL-PCI cable is designed to be used on a 9 pin serial COM port. If your computer has a 25 pin COM port, a 25 pin to 9 pin adapter must be used.

**Warning:** Polarity **MUST** be observed when connecting cables to the lock. The tab (-) must plug into the negative (black) hole.

# Wiring, Power Up and Specifications

## WIRING

See the Installation Manual for detailed illustrations and additional information.

### External Power:

Red / Black wires - External 12-24 Volts AC or DC Power Source.

### Remote Input:

White / White wires - Wire a Normally Open Contact to wires (white and white). Momentarily close to allow device to unlock the door and allow entry. **NOTE: Remote Input is enabled from the factory.** (See page 25)

### Main/Entry Relay:

The *Main Relay* (also called the *Entry Relay*) is, for example, used to operate a door strike to allow access through a door.  
COM-Purple / NO-Gray / NC-Blue - See page 26 (Function 67) for programming options for this relay.

### Auxiliary Relay:

The *Auxiliary Relay* is an additional relay used to control cameras, lights, an audible sounder, etc.  
COM-Black / NO-Pink / NC-White - See page 26 (Function 67) for programming options for this relay.


### Transient Protection:

Magnetic strikes and magnetic locks can produce harmful switching transients. To ensure the DK3000 is protected, two transient protection devices are supplied. These protection devices should be wired as close to the magnetic strike or magnetic lock as possible (if wiring close to the magnetic strike or lock is not possible, the protection devices can be wired at the DK3000 lock). **Note:** Although some magnetic strikes and magnetic locks do possess transient protection, our supplied protection devices should always be used. See wiring diagrams on pages 12-13.

## Wiring to Disarm a Burglary Control Panel

Burglary Control Panel wiring. See page 29.

## POWER UP

- **When applying power to the lock for the first time**, stop and follow the procedure outlined in "Quick Start, First time Power Up" further in this manual.
- **When power is re-applied to a lock that was already operational**, proceed as follows:
  1. Disconnect battery pack connector.
  2. With battery power disconnected, press **and hold down**  for 10 seconds to insure discharge of all capacitors.
  3. Re-connect battery pack (lock will sound 3 short beeps). If beeps are not heard, then restart at step 1.



4. **Do not press any keys for 15 seconds.**

5. After 15 seconds, the LED will flash red 6 times and 6 beeps will sound.

The lock is now ready for use. The pre-existing program is loaded from fixed memory. Set the clock using functions 38, 39 and 40.

## ERASE ALL PROGRAMMING

(The "out of box" factory default will be loaded)

1. Remove the battery pack.
2. With battery power disconnected, press **and hold down**  for 10 seconds to ensure discharge of all capacitors.
3. Re-install the battery pack (lock will sound 3 short beeps). If beeps are not heard, then restart at step 1.
4. Within 5 seconds after hearing the 3 short beeps, press and hold  until the lock begins to beep, then release.
5. A series of 5 RED LED and 5 beeps will be heard followed by 10 seconds of silence, then 3 GREEN LEDs and 3 fast beeps.

All settings and programming have been erased and the lock is now ready for use. **Note:** All lock programming can also be erased (without need to disconnect the batteries) by entering Function 99.

## SPECIFICATIONS

**Operating Voltage Range:** 10V - 28V AC or DC

For uninterrupted operation, a power source that provides battery backup is required.

### 12V Current Consumption

Idle Current: 3ma  
Maximum Current: 55ma

### 24V Current Consumption

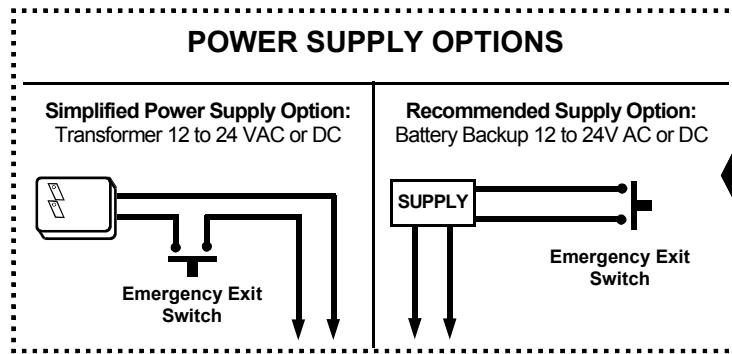
Idle Current: 7ma  
Maximum Current: 80ma

### 2 Relays:

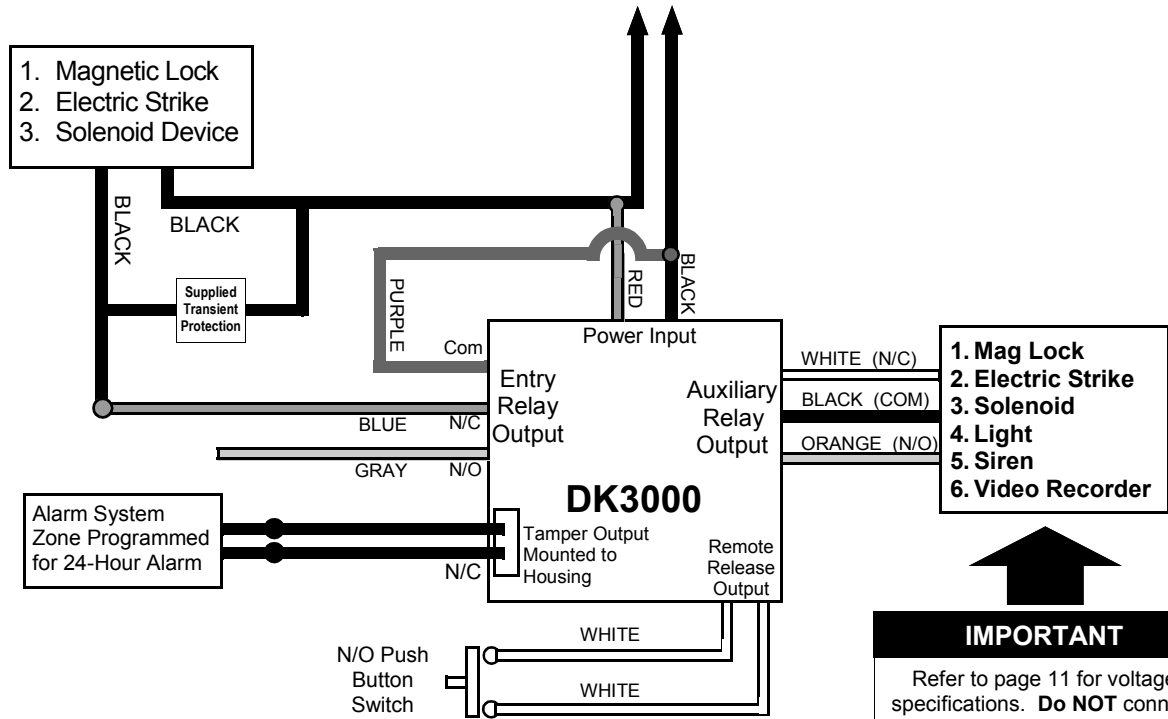
SPDT Form C, N/O, N/C, C  
8 amps @ 24V AC or DC  
24 Volts MAXIMUM

# BASIC WIRING: DK3000

Interfacing to an access control system to allow code access in addition to keyfob access. Auxiliary Relay is not connected.



**WARNING**  
 In all cases, be sure to allow for emergency exit during a fire or AC power failure.  
 Local jurisdictions may require use of an access power supply with battery backup, with provisions for timed emergency exit.

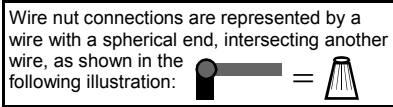


**IMPORTANT**  
 Refer to page 11 for voltage specifications. **Do NOT** connect the Auxiliary Relay Output to more than 24 volts AC or DC. Include transient protection (supplied). See page 11 for more information regarding Transient Protection.

**Required Programming**  
 Set appropriate Pass Time in Passage Options (3, 10 or 15 seconds). Default Pass Time = 3 sec.

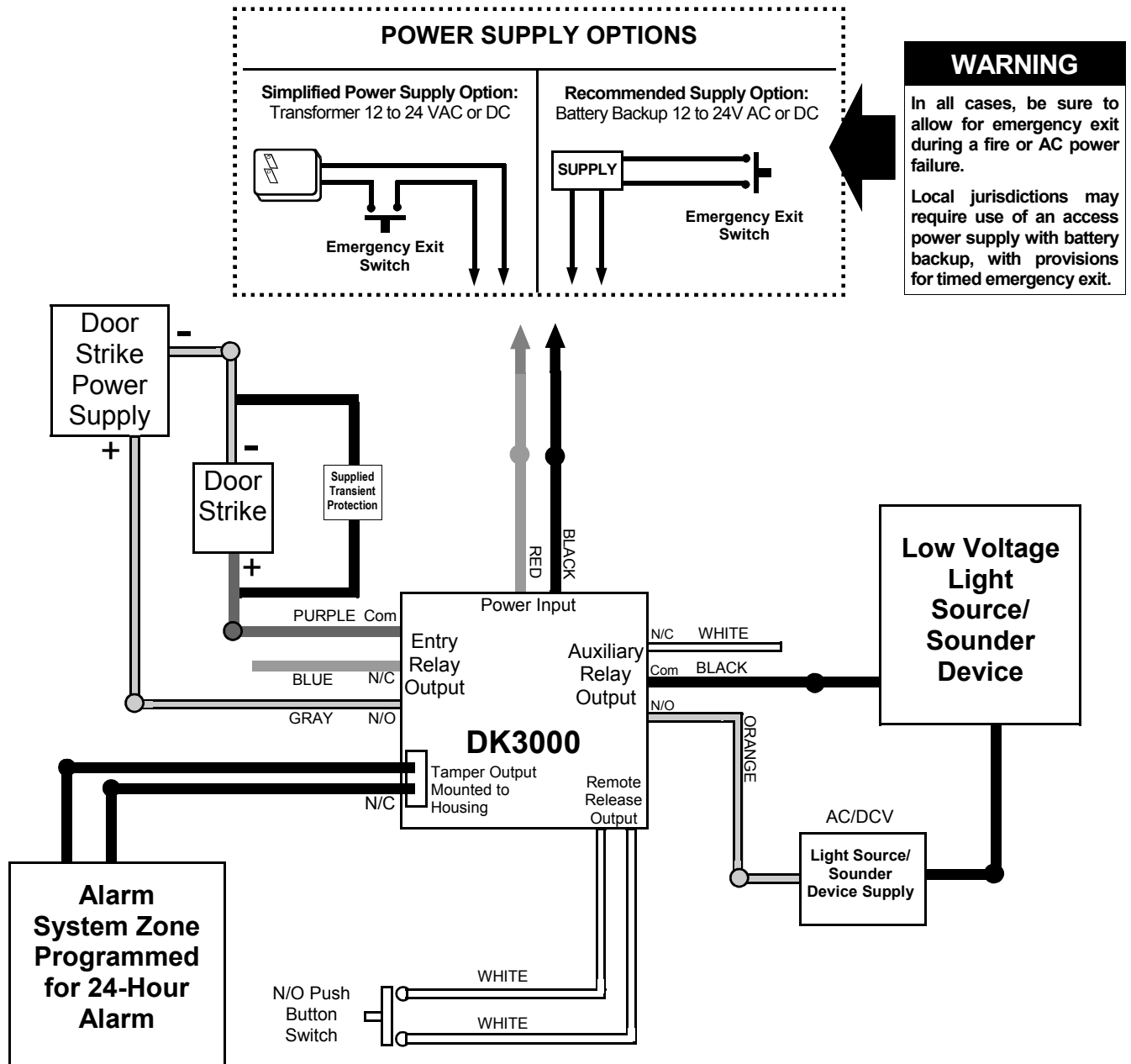
**Operation**

- The DK3000 interrupts Power Mag Power upon a successful code entry, initiating Pass Time.
- The Remote Input (as shown) may be used as a request to exit button.



## TYPICAL APPLICATION: DK3000

Using a normally open push-button switch to provide passage via the door strike, and the Auxiliary Output to trigger a visual or audible device only when door is unlocked.



Wire nut connections are represented by a wire with a spherical end, intersecting another wire, as shown in the following illustration:

### Operation



- The Remote Input is used with a push-button switch to allow passage.
- The Auxiliary Relay is used to activate external service.
- Door strike is activated upon a successful code entry or push-button closure.

### Required Programming














- Enable Auxiliary Relay follows main Relay (1).

# Quick Start

















## First Time Start Up




1. Unpack the lock.
2. With the power disconnected, hold down the  key for 10 seconds and release.
3. Connect the power and listen for 3 beeps. Within 5 seconds of hearing the 3 beeps, press and hold  until beeping starts. This will clear the lock of all programmed data. Important: If you do not hear these 3 beeps, you must start over at step 2.
4. Listen for another series of beeps and LED flashes *followed by 10 seconds of silence*. The lock is now ready to program. Failure to follow this exact procedure can result in erratic lock behavior. **Important Note:** When entering any key sequence below, *do not pause more than 25 seconds between any key presses*--otherwise you must start again.

## Enter Program Mode and Change Factory Master Code

1. Press the default Master Code:       .
2. Wait for the green light and press  until multiple beeps are heard. You are now in Program Mode.  
**Note:** The lock will beep every 6 seconds as a reminder that you are in Program Mode.
3. Enter a new personal 6-digit Master Code number by pressing the following keys:  
   [new Master Code]  [new Master Code]  (the second set of digits must be exactly the same).












(For example, if you want your new Master Code to be "664433". Press:

               .

















Now that the Master Code has been changed, there is no need to change it again (unless you want to). Since you are still in Program Mode, you can now proceed directly below and program various functions. **Note:** Programming any Function, such as setting the clock, follows a consistent 5-step pattern: (1) Enter Program Mode (2) Press  [Function #] (3) Press  and enter data (4) Press  to end (5) Exit Program Mode.

**Note:** There is a 3 minute Program Mode timeout if no keys are pressed when in Program Mode. A steady tone will sound for the final 15 seconds of the 3 minute timeout period as a warning. To remain in Program Mode, press any key.















## Set the Weekday

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
2. Press     [number of weekday] . (Use 1= Sunday, 7 = Saturday).  
(For example - Friday - press      .



















## Set the Date

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
  2. Press     [MMDDYY] .
- (For example - May 10, 2002 - press           .

## Set the Time





1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already). If you just finished the above procedure, you are still in Program Mode).
  2. Press     [HHMM] .
- (For example - 2:30pm - press         .

## Enter User Codes

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
  2. Press    [User Number]  [new User Code] .
- (For example, John Smith is designated as User 21. You want him to use the code of "232323" to unlock the door. Program the lock by pressing:             .
3. Repeat step 2 for each new user.

# Quick Start (cont'd)

## Delete a User Code

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
2. Press    [User Number] .

The lock will flash a green LED and beep continuously for 6 seconds. When the red LED flashes, the User Code is deleted.

3. Repeat step 2 for each new User.

## User Code Conflicts


Care should be taken not to program a new User Code which matches the first digits of any other User Code (only the User Code with the least number of digits will be recognized). **Example:** If User Codes 123 and 123456 are both entered in the system, only code 123 would be recognized, unless the ENTER Key has been enabled (see Function 69, see page 27). In addition, an error will sound if you try to program a new User Code that matches the first digits of the Master Code.

**WARNING: When attempting to change an existing Master Code, it is HIGHLY recommended that you enable all Groups (see Function 23 on page 19), exit Program Mode, and enter the new anticipated Master Code to verify that the anticipated sequence does not currently open the lock. If the lock does not open, the anticipated Master Code can be used as the new Master Code; if the lock opens, the anticipated Master Code already exists in the lock (as a User Code), and the anticipated Mater Code should NOT be used. Always repeat this procedure with any new anticipated Master Codes.**

## Exit Program Mode

Hold Down any key for 3 seconds. Program Mode exit is confirmed by several beeps. You are now in normal operation.

## Re-enter Program Mode

If you wish to re-enter Program Mode, key-in your new 6-digit Master Code, and press .

You are now ready to mount and install your DK series lock and give out your User Codes. Before installation, it is suggested you test and verify that all User Codes entered are active (see below).

# Testing the Codes Entered

## Verifying Basic Keypad User Codes

Test a valid User Code:

**VALID CODE** - The Green LED will flash momentarily and the sounder will beep a few times after a valid code is entered.

**INVALID CODE** - The RED LED will flash several times and the sounder will beep several times after an invalid code is entered.

Use Function 2 to re-program the code.

# Programming Functions--Overview

Function 1	Change Master Code	See page 17
Function 2	Add/Delete/Change User Codes	See page 17
Function 3	User Disable (By User Number)	See page 18
Function 4	User Enable (By User Number)	See page 18
Function 5	User Enable with Timeout	See page 18
Function 6	Enable Total User Lockout	See page 18
Function 7	Disable Total User Lockout	See page 18
Function 8	Reserved	-
Function 9	Enable User 300 (Service Code)	See page 18
Function 10	Erase All Users Except the Master Code	See page 18
Function 11	Reserved	-
Function 12	Clear All Schedules and Timeout Functions	See page 19
Function 13	Clear All Timeout Functions	See page 19
Function 14 - 17	Group 1-4 Disable	See page 19
Function 18	Disable All Groups	See page 19
Function 19 - 22	Group 1-4 Enable	See page 19
Function 23	Enable All Groups	See page 19
Function 24	Reserved	-
Function 25 - 28	Group Disable with Timeout	See page 20
Function 29	Disable All Groups with Timeout	See page 20
Function 30 - 33	Group Enable with Timeout	See page 20
Function 34	Disable All Groups with Timeout	See page 20
Function 35	Group Add/Delete Association	See page 20
Function 36 - 37	Reserved	-
Function 38	Set Date	See page 21
Function 39	Set Time	See page 21
Function 40	Set Weekday	See page 21
Function 41	Daylight Saving Time Start Date	See page 21
Function 42	Daylight Saving Time End Date	See page 21
Function 43	Speed Up Clock	See page 22
Function 44	Slow Down Clock	See page 22
Function 45 - 46	Passage Mode Enable/Disable	See page 22
Function 47	Timed Passage Mode	See page 22

Function 48	Enable Passage Mode	See page 23
Function 49	Disable Passage Mode	See page 23
Function 50	Return Lock to Normal Passage Mode Schedule	See page 23
Function 51	Passage Mode Configuration	See page 23
Function 52 - 54	Pass Time	See page 23
Function 55	Print Audit Trail	See page 24
Function 56	Print User Code List	See page 24
Function 57	Print Clock Settings and Software Version	See page 24
Function 58	Upload/Download PC Data	See page 24
Function 59	Reserved	-
Function 60	Number of Attempt Before Lockout	See page 25
Function 61	Set the Attempts Lockout Time	See page 25
Function 62 - 63	Reserved	-
Function 64 - 65	Disable/Enable Remote Input	See page 25
Function 66	Ambush Code	See page 25
Function 67	Add Aux Relay Features	See page 26
Function 68	Delete All Relay Functions and System Options added by Function 67	See page 26
Function 69 - 70	Enable/Disable Enter Key	See page 27
Function 71	Reserved	-
Function 72 - 73	Scheduled Enable/Disable Passage Mode	See page 27
Function 74 - 77	Schedule Enable Group 1 - 4	See page 27
Function 78	Schedule Enable All Groups	See page 27
Function 79 - 82	Schedule Disable Group 1 - 4	See page 27
Function 83	Schedule Disable All Groups	See page 27
Function 84 - 87	Quick Schedules - Enable Group	See page 28
Function 88	Passage Mode (Open Time Window)	See page 28
Function 89	Passage Mode (Close Time Window)	See page 28
Function 90	Relay Activation (Open Time Window)	See page 29
Function 91	Relay Activation (Close Time Window)	See page 29
Function 92	Enable Group 4 (Open Time Window)	See page 30
Function 93	Enable Group 4 (Close Time Window)	See page 30
Function 94 - 98	Reserved	-
Function 99	Clear All Lock Programming	See page 30



# Programming Functions

## USERS

**1. New Master Code** (User Number 1) ; 1 ; [\_\_\_\_\_] ; [\_\_\_\_\_] :  
 (New Master Code) (Confirm New Master Code)

- Master Code must be 6 digits-only. **M**
- Master Code is Keypad Code Access only.
- **Factory Default** =
- See "Lock Design Overview" on page 5 for more information about Master Codes.

**2. Add/Delete/Change User Codes 2-2000** ; 2 ; [\_\_\_\_\_] \* ; [\_\_\_\_\_] :  
 (User Number) (User Code)

- User Number must be between 2 and 2000. **3**
- To delete a code, leave the User Code blank and wait for the rapid beeping to stop.
- User Code must be 3-6 digits.
- Each User Code can be thought of as a person. As long as each person possesses their own unique User Code, you can control access to the lock by adding or deleting User Codes. See "Terminology Used in this Manual" on page 6 for more information.

### Lock Defaults for DK3000

See page 8. Users added will default to a Group Association and a Program Level Ability as follows:

USER TYPE	USER NUMBER	GROUP DEFAULT ASSOCIATION	MINIMUM PROGRAM LEVEL (see page 6)
Master	1	-	<b>M</b> (All Programming Abilities)
Installers	2 & 3	none	<b>4</b> (Also 3, 2, 1)
Managers	4 - 6	none	<b>3</b> (Also 2, 1)
Supervisors	7 - 9	none	<b>2</b> (Also 1)
Print Only Users	10 - 11	none	<b>1</b>
Basic Users	12 - 50	none	none
Basic Users in Group 1	51 - 100	1	none
Basic Users in Group 2	101 - 150	2	none
Basic Users in Group 3	151 - 200	3	none
Basic Users in Group 4	201 - 250	4	none
Basic Users	251 - 296	none	none
Quick Enable User 300	297	none	none
Quick PC Access	298	none	none
AL-DTM2 Code*	299	none	none
Service User	300	none	none
Basic Users	301-2000	none	none

\* User 299 is a Non-Pass Code. This is the only code that will initiate data transfer with the AL-DTM.

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## USERS (Continued)

### User Enable/Disable (By User Number)

- User Number must be between 2 and 2000.


2

**NOTE:** Will Enable/Disable Users even if the User is associated with an enabled Group. Use Feature 3 to disable a specific User Number and their associated User Code. If the disabled User Code is entered, the lock will flash 1 Green and 4 Red Flashes (with 1 long and 5 short beeps) indicating that the User Code exists in memory, but is disabled. Function 4 will "undo" Function 3.

**3. Disable User** ; 3 ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(User Number)

**4. Enable User** ; 4 ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(User Number)

**5. User Enable with Timeout** ; 5 ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Enter Timeout, XXX Hours) (User Number) (XXX Hours)  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

- With Function 5, User Numbers must be between 2-2000, hours must be between 1-999.
- Function 5 can temporarily override a disabled User (disabled using Function 3 above).
- Since this is a temporary feature, Function 5 can only be enabled using the keypad.
- **Example:** Brian, User Number 1157, rarely works at the office, but when he does, enable him for his 8 hour work day by entering Program Mode and pressing: 
- **NOTE:** Up to 4 Timeout Functions may be pending at any one time. An error beep will sound when attempting to program more than 4 Timeout Functions.

2

### User Lockout Mode

Prevents all User Codes (Except User 1 Code) from operating the lock. **Note:** No other programming functions or schedules will re-enable Users. Users must be re-enabled with Function 7. **M**

**Note:** Does not change the User enable/disable status. **Note:** If the lock is currently in Passage Mode (door "unlocked") and Function 6 is programmed, the lock will remain in Passage Mode.

**6. Enable Total User Lockout Mode** ; 6 :  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

**7. Disable Total User Lockout Mode** ; 7 :  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

### 8. Reserved

**9. Enable User 300** (Service Code) ; 9 :

Service Code is a One-Time-Only Code. Once it is used, it is disabled until enabled again.

**NOTE:** User Number 297 is used to reset Service Code Use. See "Terminology Used in this Manual" on page 6 for more information and examples regarding special Users 297-300.

2

**10. Erase All Users Except the Master Code** (User 1) ; 1 0 ; 0 0 0 :  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

Erases all User Codes except the Master Code (User 1). **M**

- Function 10 can only be performed using the keypad.

### 11. Reserved

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## CLEAR FUNCTIONS

### 12. Clear All Schedules and Timeout Functions



Function 12 clears all programmed *Schedules* and all *Timeout Functions*. (To clear All Timeout Functions only, see Function 13 below). Function 12 will clear all of the following: All Schedule Functions 72 through 93, Timeout Functions 5, 25 through 34 and Function 47. **Note:** Function 12 also resets Passage Mode and any disabled Groups. After using Function 12, your Scheduled/Timeout features must be manually re-programmed.

3

**NOTE:** Up to 4 Timeout Functions may be pending at any one time. An error beep will sound when attempting to program more than 4 Timeout Functions. This Function only disables the timeout; the event associated with the timeout will remain

### 13. Clear All Timeout Functions



(This Function enabled through keypad only)

Function 13 clears all *Timeout Functions*. (To clear All Schedules and Timeout Functions, see Function 12 above). Function 13 will clear all of the following: All Timeout Functions 5, 25-34 and Function 47. After using Function 12, your Scheduled/Timeout features must be manually re-programmed.

3

**NOTE:** Up to 4 Timeout Functions may be pending at any one time. An error beep will sound when attempting to program more than 4 Timeout Functions. This Function only disables the timeout; the event associated with the timeout will remain

**Important:** It is the responsibility of the lock programmer to verify the proper lock/unlock conditions and Group conditions after programming the lock with Function 12 and 13.

## GROUPS

### Group Enable/Disable

Enter the functions below to Enable/Disable Groups. Functions 14 - 23 will each override existing scheduled events. Therefore, Functions 14 - 23 are temporary, take effect immediately, and are always overridden by future scheduled events that already exist within the lock programming.

2

- 14. Disable Group 1 ; 1 4 :
- 15. Disable Group 2 ; 1 5 :
- 16. Disable Group 3 ; 1 6 :
- 17. Disable Group 4 ; 1 7 :
- 18. Disable All Groups ; 1 8 :
- 19. Enable Group 1 ; 1 9 :
- 20. Enable Group 2 ; 2 0 :
- 21. Enable Group 3 ; 2 1 :
- 22. Enable Group 4 ; 2 2 :
- 23. Enable All Groups ; 2 3 :

### PRIORITY ORDER

1. Disabled Users
2. Enabled Groups
3. Disabled Groups
4. Enabled Users

The Priority Order details which Function will take effect before ("have priority over") others. For example, as per the list above, Enabled Users have the lowest priority, and other Functions can affect the status of these Users. Disabling a Group (Functions 14-18) will take priority over the enabled Users in that Group, disabling them. Enabling Groups (Functions 19-23) will take priority over those tasks lower in the list, and finally disabling a User (Function 3) takes priority over all other tasks listed.

### 24. Reserved

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## GROUPS

**NOTE:** Clear All Timeout Functions by entering Function 13.

### Group Enable/Disable with Timeout (Enter Timeout, XXX Hours)

(Functions 25-34 are enabled through the keypad only)

- Hours must be between 1-999. Enter the functions below to Enable/Disable Groups for the amount of time entered in hours. 2  
**NOTE:** Only 4 Timeout Functions are allowed at any one time. An error beep will sound when attempting to program more than 4 Timeout Functions. Functions 25 - 34 will each override existing scheduled events. Therefore, Functions 25 - 34 are temporary, take effect immediately, and are always overridden by future scheduled events that already exist within the lock programming. **NOTE:** Functions 25-34 are enabled through the keypad only.
- Example:** All 15 members of the Accounting Department are members of Group 4, and a schedule programmed in the department's door lock reflects their normal working hours of 9 AM through 5 PM, Monday through Friday. But one day a special event occurs, and all Accounting Department members are requested to stay an extra hour until 6 PM. Therefore, at 5 PM, the manager (wishing to temporarily enable Group 4 users for an extra hour) enters Program Mode and presses:        . Likewise, if the manager wished to send his department home early at 3 PM, the manager could enter        .

25. Timed Disable Group 1 ; 2 5 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

26. Timed Disable Group 2 ; 2 6 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

27. Timed Disable Group 3 ; 2 7 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

28. Timed Disable Group 4 ; 2 8 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

29. Timed Disable All Groups ; 2 9 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

30. Timed Enable Group 1 ; 3 0 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

31. Timed Enable Group 2 ; 3 1 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

32. Timed Enable Group 3 ; 3 2 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

33. Timed Enable Group 4 ; 3 3 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

34. Timed Enable All Groups ; 3 4 ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

35. Group Add/Delete Association ; 3 5 ; [ \_\_\_ ] ; [ \_\_\_ ] :  
(User Number) (Groups)

As per the chart on page 8, the lock's default programming from the factory associates certain User Numbers with certain Groups. To override these default Group associations, Function 35 manually associates (or disassociates) a selected User with a selected Group. During programming, Groups not selected are then disassociated from the User. Function 35 is helpful when the number of Users you wish to add to a Group outgrows the number of User Numbers defaulted to a Group (50); or if an existing User joins a department and you wish to simply add them to a Group.

- User Number must be between 2 and 2000; Groups 1-4 (to associate with User) may be selected.

**Add Example:** To associate User 67 with Groups 1, 2 and 4;

Enter: ; 3 5 ; 6 7 ; 1 2 4 ;

**Delete Example:** To remove all Group associations for User 67;

Enter: ; 3 5 ; 6 7 ;

**NOTE:** If a User is associated with more than one Group, **all** associated Groups would have to be disabled before the User is disabled.

### 36 - 37. Reserved

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## CLOCK SETTINGS

**38. Set Date** ; 3 8 ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Date)

- Use Month Day Year format - MMDDYY - Single digit months and days are entered with a preceding zero. **3**
- Enter ONLY the last two digits of the year.

**For Example:** March 8, 2009; Enter:  
; 3 8 ; 0 3 0 8 0 9 :

**39. Set Time** ; 3 9 ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Time)

- Time must be 4 digits **3**
- Use 24 Hour Format (add 12 hours to program PM time)

**For Example:** To set time to 8:25PM;  
Enter: ; 3 9 ; 2 0 2 5 :

**For Example:** To set time to 8:25AM;  
Enter: ; 3 9 ; 0 8 2 5 :

**40. Set Weekday** ; 4 0 ; [ \_ ] :  
(Day)

- For day enter: 1 for Sunday, 2 for Monday, 3 for Tuesday, 4 for Wednesday, 5 for Thursday, 6 for Friday and 7 for Saturday. **3**

**For Example:** To set day to Sunday;  
Enter: ; 4 0 ; 1 :

**41. Daylight Saving Time Start Date** ; 4 1 ; [ M M W D ] :  
(DST Starting Month, Month, Week, Day)

The manner in which Daylight Saving Time (DST) is observed varies with location, therefore the DST adjustment is fully flexible to accommodate these regional differences. Function 41 allows the entry of a *DST Start Date* (month, day and week), and Function 42 allows the entry of a *DST End Date* (month, day and week). DST begins and ends at 2AM on the programmed date. **Enter** ;  
4 1 ; 0 0 0 : **to disable DST**. All locks leave the factory with DST enabled and pre-programmed to the following start and end dates (for the USA beginning 2007): **4**

- **Default DST Start Date:** March, Week 2, Sunday ("Second Sunday in March")
- **Default DST End Date:** November, Week 1, Sunday ("First Sunday in November")

To program the DST start date using the keypad, press: ; 4 1 ; [ M M W D ] : where "M M W D" represents:

- **"M M"** = Two digits of the month (01 through 12 = January through December. Single digit months are entered with a preceding zero).
- **"W"** = Single digit for "week of the month" (valid entries are 1-5 where "1" is the first week, "2" is the second week, "3" is the third week, "4" is the fourth week and "5" is the last week of the month).
- **"D"** = Day of the week (valid entries are 1-7: 1 for Sunday, 2 for Monday, 3 for Tuesday, 4 for Wednesday, 5 for Thursday, 6 for Friday and 7 for Saturday).

Example: To set the default start date of "second Sunday in March", press:

; 4 1 ; [ 0 3 2 1 ] : (03 = "March", 2 = "2<sup>nd</sup> week", 1 = Sunday).

**42. Daylight Saving Time End Date** ; 4 2 ; [ M M W D ] :  
(DST Ending Month, Month, Week, Day)

End date of Daylight Saving Time (month, week, day). **Enter** ; 4 2 ; 0 0 0 : **to disable DST**. **4**  
See Function 41 for full explanation.

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## CLOCK ADJUST

### Clock Adjust

Number of seconds to adjust (speed up/slow down) the clock each day must be between 0-55 seconds.

**Note:** Repeated use of these Functions are not "cumulative" (this means, for example, if the clock has *already* been set to speed up 10 seconds per day, and then is found to need an additional 10 seconds, then program 20 seconds using Function 43).

**Example 1:** Clock is losing 13 seconds every day, enter:

; 4 3 ; 1 3 :

This example assumes that the Clock Adjust setting was at the factory default of zero. Function 57 can be used to print the current Clock Adjust setting.

**Example 2:** Clock is gaining 13 seconds every day, enter:

; 4 4 ; 1 3 :

This example assumes that the Clock Adjust setting was at the factory default of zero. Function 57 can be used to print the current Clock Adjust setting.

**Example 3:** To set the clock adjust setting back to the factory default of zero, enter:

; 4 3 : or ; 4 4 :

4

#### Clock Accuracy

The internal oscillator is factory calibrated to an accuracy of ±5 minutes/year. Changes in ambient temperature may affect accuracy. If necessary, the accuracy of the internal clock may be adjusted by first updating the correct time via Function 39. After an interval of about 1 month, re-set the correct time via Function 39 and then print an Audit Log via Function 55. Because the Audit Log displays both the "New Clock Time" and the "Old Clock Time", a daily accuracy (in seconds) can be determined by taking the difference in seconds between the "Old" and "New" times divided by the number of days between the two Function 39 entries. **Note:** Because the minimum available adjustment is 1 second per day, the inaccuracy of the clock must exceed about 6 minutes per year before adjustment is necessary.

#### 43. Speed Up Clock

(This Function enabled through keypad only)

; 4 3 ; [ \_ \_ ] :  
(seconds)

#### 44. Slow Down Clock

(This Function enabled through keypad only)

; 4 4 ; [ \_ \_ ] :  
(seconds)

## PASSAGE MODE

### Passage Mode Enable/Disable - Schedule will Override

- Function 45 allows passage through the door without the need for a User Code. Re-Lock using Function 46.
- Programmed Schedules will override the state of the lock when Functions 45 and 46 are used. If it is required that programmed schedules do not override Passage Mode, enable/disable Passage Mode using Functions 48/49. **Note:** Because of the temporary nature of these features, Functions 45-47 can only be enabled using the keypad.

2

#### 45. Enable Passage Mode

(This Function enabled through keypad only)

; 4 5 :

#### 46. Disable Passage Mode

(This Function enabled through keypad only)

; 4 6 :

#### 47. Timed Passage Mode

(This Function enabled through keypad only)

; 4 7 ; [ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(XXX Hours)

- Hours must be between 1 - 999.
- Function 47 allows passage through the door without the need for a User Code for the programmed amount of time.

2

- For example, if you wish your office door lock to be unlocked (unlocked = "Passage Mode") for the next 3 hours, enter Program Mode and press:  4  7  0  0  3  \*

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## PERMANENT PASSAGE MODE

### Passage Mode Enable/Disable - Schedule will not Override

- Function 48 allows passage through the door without the need for a User Code. Re-Lock using Function 49.
- Programmed Schedules will not override the state of the lock using functions 48 and 49. If it is required that programmed schedules override Passage Mode, Enable/Disable Passage Mode using Functions 45/46. Use Function 50 to "undo" Functions 48 and/or 49, and therefore return the lock to all pre-existing scheduled functions. **Note:** Functions 48-50 can only be enabled using the keypad. **Warning:** Function 49 will inhibit all scheduled Passage Mode events.

2

**48. Enable Permanent Passage Mode** ; 4 8 :  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

**49. Disable Permanent Passage Mode** ; 4 9 :  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

**50. Return Lock to Normal Passage Mode Schedule** ; 5 0 :  
(This Function enabled through keypad only)

(Locks will lock or unlock depending on the current schedule). Use Function 50 to "undo" Functions 48 and/or 49, and therefore return the lock to all pre-existing scheduled functions.

**NOTE:** See Scheduled functions 72 and 73 for Scheduled Passage Mode.

**51. Passage Mode Configuration** ; 5 1 ; [\_] :  
(Mode)

- **Mode 1 (Normal):** Passage Mode must be enabled/disabled using Function 45 and 46. **Mode 1 (Normal) is the factory default.**
- **Mode 2:** Group 2 toggles Passage Mode.
- **Mode 3:** Group 2 enables, Group 3 disables Passage Mode. Disable Passage Mode has priority if User is a member of both Groups 2 and 3.

With **Mode 2**, each time any member of Group 2 enters their User Code, they will toggle Passage Mode. For example, if Passage Mode is enabled, and a Group 2 User enters their User Code, Passage Mode will be disabled. If a few seconds later they enter their User Code again, Passage Mode will be enabled. With **Mode 3**, Group 2 members will always enable Passage Mode, and Group 3 members will always disable Passage Mode. For example, if Passage Mode is already enabled, and a Group 2 User enters their User Code, the Passage Mode status will not be changed due to the Function 51 Mode 3 configuration. If Passage Mode is already enabled, and a Group 3 User enters their User Code, Passage Mode will become disabled.

4

## PASS TIME

### Pass Time

The Pass Time is the length of time the lock stays unlocked after a valid User Code is entered. When the Pass Time expires, the lock will re-lock automatically. Use the functions below to change the Pass Time to 3, 10 or 15 seconds. **The Pass Time is defaulted to 3 seconds.**

4

**52. Set Pass Time to 3 Sec.** ; 5 2 :

**53. Set Pass Time to 10 Sec.** ; 5 3 :

**54. Set Pass Time to 15 Sec.** ; 5 4 :

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## PRINTER

Hold the printer perpendicular to the Lock's infrared LED as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2. If the printer has been idle for some time, press the paper feed button to wake up the printer.

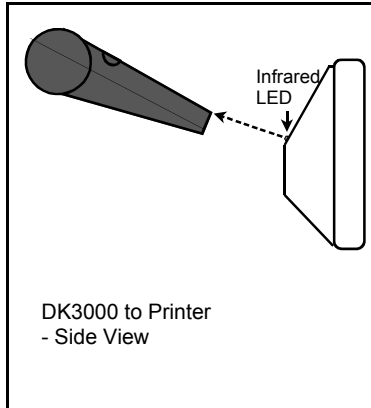


Figure 1

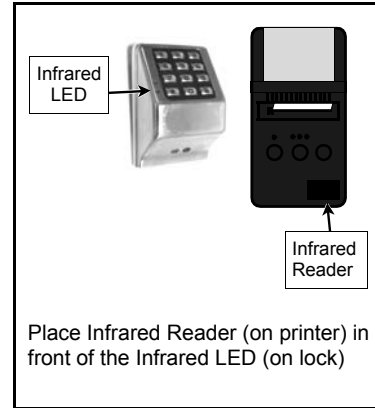


Figure 2

### 55. Print Audit Trail ; 5 5 :

Hold the printer over the lock's infrared sensor as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 above. Twenty (20) events will print at a time; press 1 for more events, or 9 to quit. To abort printing, press any key for 3 seconds (three short beeps will sound).

1

### 56. Print User Code List ; 5 6 :

Hold the printer over the lock's infrared sensor as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 above. To abort printing, press any key for 3 seconds (three short beeps will sound).

3

### 57. Print Clock Settings, Software Version and Door Number ; 5 7 :

Hold the printer over the lock's infrared sensor as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 above.

1

## DOWNLOADING

### 58. Upload/Download PC Data ; 5 8 :

For use with DL-WINDOWS software, refer to OI237. AL-PCI interface cable is needed.

3



# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## 59. Reserved

### LOCKOUT

**60. Number of Attempts Before Lockout** ; 6 0 ; [ \_ ] :  
(Number of Attempts)

Used with Function 61

- Number of attempts before lockout must be 1-9 attempts.
- The number of attempts is reduced by half every time the keypad is locked out without a successful code entry (default is 6 attempts).
- The attempt count is reset each time a valid code is entered.

4

**61. Set the Attempts Lockout Time** ; 6 1 ; [ \_ \_ ] :  
(Lockout Time)

Function 61 determines the length of time the keypad is locked-out after a series of unsuccessful attempts (default is 15 seconds). Used with Function 60.

- Lockout Time must be 1-60 seconds.

4

## 62-63. Reserved

### REMOTE INPUT

#### Remote Input

- Wire a Normally Open Contact to Wires (White & White) for a Remote Input. Momentarily close switch to unlock the lock to allow person to pass through door. This Remote Input can be used to control the Aux Relay. See the Aux Relay System Features on page 26 (Function 67).
- Enter the functions below to Disable/Enable the Remote Input.

**NOTE:** The Remote Input is enabled in the factory default.

2

**64. Disable Remote Input** ; 6 4 :

**65. Enable Remote Input** ; 6 5 :

### AMBUSH

**66. Ambush Code** ; 6 6 ; [ \_ \_ ] :  
(Ambush Code)

- Ambush code must be 2 digits.
- An error will sound if the Ambush Code matches the 1st two digits of any User Code. See Function 67 for more information about the Ambush Function.
- **Factory default Ambush Code is 99.**

3

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## SYSTEM FEATURES

### 67. Add System Features

; 6 7 ; [ \_ \_ ] :  
(Event Number)

#### • Aux Relay Features (12-24. Reserved)

4

Use Function 67 to program **one or more** lock events and the Aux Relay will energize when the programmed event(s) listed below occurs. For example, program ; 6 7 ; 3 : and when an attempted entry fails (such as a User who enters an incorrect or un-programmed User Code), the Aux Relay will energize for 2 seconds. **Note:** For more information about the *Remote Input*, see page 11 (Wiring, Remote Input) and page 25 (Function 65).

1. <b>Remote Input switch closed and Function 65 Remote Input enabled.</b> Because the Remote Input is enabled by factory default, the Main Relay will energize when the Remote Input switch is closed. Additionally, if this event (#1) is then programmed, the Aux Relay will also close for 2 seconds upon closure of the Remote Input switch.	7. <b>Scheduled Lock Event.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when lock is locked by a Schedule.
2. <b>Remote Input switch closed and Function 64 Remote Input disabled.</b> If the Remote Input is disabled with Function 64, the Main Relay will NOT energize when the Remote Input Switch is closed. Additionally, if this event (#2) is then programmed, the Aux Relay will close for 2 seconds upon closure of the Remote Input switch. The Main Relay will not energize.	8. <b>Scheduled Unlock Event.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when lock is unlocked by a schedule
3. <b>Failed attempted entry.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when an attempted User Code entry via the keypad fails.	9. <b>Lock Out.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when a Lock Out occurs (i.e. number of attempts is exceeded, see Function 60).
4. <b>Disabled User or Group.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when a disabled User or disabled Group member enters a User Code.	10. <b>Ambush.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when Ambush is tripped. See Function 66, page 25.
5. <b>Follow Main/Entry Relay--Momentary Only.</b> When the Main/Entry Relay energizes for any length of time, the Aux Relay energizes for only 2 seconds. ( <b>Note:</b> The Aux relay will NOT energize with the Remote Input). Compare with Event 31.	11. <b>First Key Press.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds at the first key press of any sequence.
6. <b>Group 1 User Code.</b> Aux Relay energizes for 2 seconds when a scheduled Group 1 User Code is entered. See Function 90, page 29.	31. <b>Follow Access Granted--No Time Limit.**</b> When the Main/Entry relay energizes for any length of time (such as a valid User Code entered or Remote Input), the Aux Relay energizes for the <i>same amount of time as the programmed Pass Time</i> . (The Pass Time is the length of time the lock stays unlocked after a valid User Code is entered. See functions 52-54). Use this feature for remote monitoring or other activation as this feature works independently of all other relay options. Programming this feature will supersede all other programmed relay features. Subsequent relay feature programming will not take effect while this feature is active. Before programming any other relay features, press <input type="button" value="F1"/> <input type="button" value="6"/> <input type="button" value="8"/> <input type="button" value="F1"/> <input type="button" value="0"/> <input type="button" value="0"/> <input type="button" value="0"/> <input type="button" value="0"/> to delete this feature.

#### • Remote Input Functions

29. <b>Toggle Passage Mode.</b> Remote Input toggles Passage Mode. Passage Mode enabled = Main/Entry Relay energized.
30. <b>Forced Unlock Follows Remote Input.**</b> When Remote Input activated, the Main/Entry Relay will energize regardless of its current state.
32. <b>Remote Input Disables Unit.**</b> Regardless of the current state, that state will remain unchanged (and keypad will be disabled) for the duration of Remote Input switch closure.

#### • PC Communication Functions

33. Remote Input Puts Unit in PC Communication Mode

#### • System Options

25. Disable Sounder
26. 5 sec. Delayed Entry *
27. 15 sec. Delayed Entry *
28. 45 sec. Delayed Entry *

\* Features 26, 27 & 28 will delay User Codes 12 and higher only (except 297, 298 and 299).

\*\* Sustained closure of remote input may affect proper audit trail operation.

**NOTE:** Enter ; 6 7 ; 0 0 0 : to delete all Relay Features added by Function 67 (identical to Function 68).

#### Ambush Function

1. Connect relay to a device able to properly monitor dry contacts for an *Ambush* condition.
  2. Program the Relay for *Ambush Tripped* using Program Function 67(10) above.
  3. Set the Ambush Code using Program Function 66.
  4. When the Ambush Code is entered followed by a valid User Code, the relay will close for 2 seconds.
- Notes:** The Ambush Code defaults to **99**. An error will sound if you try to program a new User Code starting with the Ambush Code.

### 68. Delete All Relay Features added by Function 67.

; 6 8 ; 0 0 0 :

Enter ; 6 8 ; 0 0 0 : to delete all Relay Features added by Function 67.

4

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## ENTER KEY

### Enter Key

- When this function is enabled, the User must press **:** after any valid User Code entry. Therefore, this Function allows User Codes to be subsets of other User Codes.

**4**

Examples:

1 2 3 : can be a valid user code;

1 2 3 4 : can be a valid user code within the same lock.

1 2 3 4 5 6 : (Hold ; ) for Master User Code to enter Program Mode.

**69. Enable : as Enter Key ; 6 9 :**

**70. Disable : as Enter Key ; 7 0 :**

**71. Reserved**

## SCHEDULES

**NOTE:**

Clear All Schedule and Timeout Functions by entering Function 12. To set the time, see Function 39.

### Scheduled Passage and Group

Use the functions below to enable Passage Mode and enable/disable Groups at the time programmed.

**3**

- For day enter: **1** for Sunday, **2** for Monday, **3** for Tuesday, **4** for Wednesday, **5** for Thursday, **6** for Friday, **7** for Saturday, **8** for Monday to Friday, **9** for Saturday and Sunday, and **0** for all days of week.

**Passage Mode**

**72. Schedule Enable Passage Mode ("Unlock") ; 7 2 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**73. Schedule Disable Passage Mode ("Lock") ; 7 3 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**Groups**

**74. Schedule Enable Group 1 ; 7 4 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**75. Schedule Enable Group 2 ; 7 5 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**76. Schedule Enable Group 3 ; 7 6 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**77. Schedule Enable Group 4 ; 7 7 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**78. Schedule Enable All Groups ; 7 8 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**79. Schedule Disable Group 1 ; 7 9 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**80. Schedule Disable Group 2 ; 8 0 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**81. Schedule Disable Group 3 ; 8 1 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**82. Schedule Disable Group 4 ; 8 2 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

**83. Schedule Disable All Groups ; 8 3 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :**  
(Day) (Time)

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## QUICK SCHEDULES

### Quick Schedules - Enable Group

For your convenience, your lock comes pre-programmed with Quick Schedules, which, when programmed, enable Groups for popular blocks of time. Group members will be enabled during the blocks of time defined below, but will still need to enter their User Codes into the keypad to unlock the lock.

3

- Group number must be 1-4; enter the number of the Group that is to be enabled for the time specified by the Quick Schedules below.

**Note:** These Quick Schedules can **only** be programmed through the keypad (not through DL-Windows), and existing Quick Schedules **will be over-written** by schedules downloaded from DL-Windows. Therefore, after downloading any DL-Windows schedules, be sure to re-program your Quick Schedules into your Lock Program.

**84. Business Quick Schedule** ; 8 4 ; [ \_ ] :  
7AM-5PM, Monday - Friday (Group)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

**85. Day Quick Schedule** ; 8 5 ; [ \_ ] :  
7AM-5PM, All days (Group)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

**86. Evening Quick Schedule** ; 8 6 ; [ \_ ] :  
3PM-1AM, All days (Group)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

**87. Night Quick Schedule** ; 8 7 ; [ \_ ] :  
11PM-9AM, All days (Group)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

## SCHEDULES GROUP 1 ACTIVATED

### Scheduled Passage Mode (Group 1 Activated)

Functions 88 and 89 allow you to set up a window of time where if any **Group 1** User Code is entered within this window, Passage Mode will be activated, allowing anyone to enter. **Note:** This feature can only be programmed using the lock keypad. For additional information, see Group 1 Activated Features on page 31.

3

- For the **day** enter: 1 for Sunday, 2 for Monday, 3 for Tuesday, 4 for Wednesday, 5 for Thursday, 6 for Friday, 7 for Saturday, 8 for Monday to Friday, 9 for Saturday and Sunday, and 0 for all days of week.
- Enter time of day in 24 hour format (for example, for 2:15 PM, enter 14:15).

**Note:** Do not use this feature in "Residency" mode.

**88. Passage Mode** ; 8 8 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :  
(Open Time Window) (Day) (Time)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

**89. Passage Mode** ; 8 9 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_\_\_\_ ] :  
(Close Time Window) (Day) (Time)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## SCHEDULES GROUP 1 ACTIVATED

### Scheduled Relay Activation (Group 1 Activated)

Functions 90 and 91 allow you to set up a window of time where if any **Group 1** User Code is entered within this window, the relay will be activated for 2 seconds. This relay is for use with a Control Panel that has a key switch disarm option. For additional information, see Group 1 Activated Features on page 31.

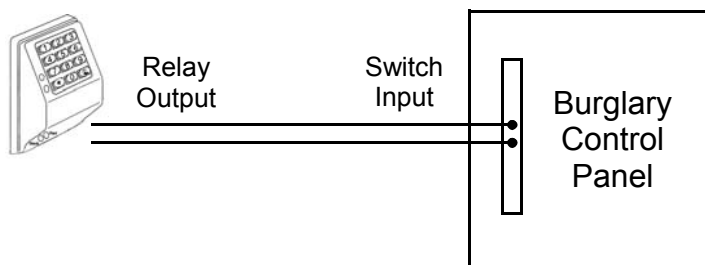
3

- Also program Relay Function 6 using Function 67 ( ; 6 7 ; 6 : ).
- For **day** enter: 1 for Sunday, 2 for Monday, 3 for Tuesday, 4 for Wednesday, 5 for Thursday, 6 for Friday, 7 for Saturday, 8 for Monday to Friday, 9 for Saturday and Sunday, and 0 for all days of week.
- Enter time of day in 24 hour format (for example, for 2:15 PM, enter 14:15).

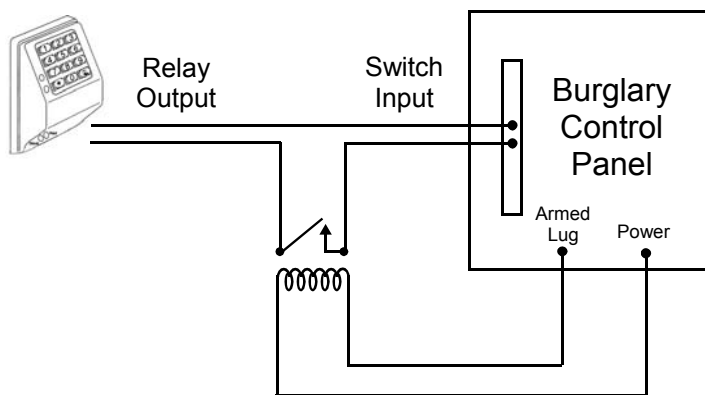
**90. Relay Activation** ; 9 0 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Open Time Window) (Day) (Time)

**91. Relay Activation** ; 9 1 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Close Time Window) (Day) (Time)

### To Disarm a Burglary Control Panel



Alarm Panel with Switched Input for Disarming



Alarm Panel with Switched Input for Toggled Arm/Disarm

### NOTES

1. **Group 1 Disarms a Burglary Control Panel** will always disarm an alarm system. Arming should be performed by other means (such as Alarm Panel Keypad/Schedule).
2. Use a qualified electrical/alarm specialist to review your current alarm system and add additional components as needed (such as a relay, wire, resistors, connectors and/or diodes) and re-program the operation of your alarm system as needed.

# Programming Functions (cont'd)

## Scheduled Group 4 Enable (Group 1 Activated)

Functions 92 and 93 allow you to set up a window of time where if any **Group 1** User Code is entered within this window, Group 4 members will be enabled. (Group 4 members will still need to enter their User Codes to enter). For additional information, see Group 1 Activated Features on page 31.

3

- For **day** enter: 1 for Sunday, 2 for Monday, 3 for Tuesday, 4 for Wednesday, 5 for Thursday, 6 for Friday, 7 for Saturday, 8 for Monday to Friday, 9 for Saturday and Sunday, and 0 for all days of week.
- Enter time of day in 24 hour format (for example, for 2:15 PM, enter 14:15).

**92. Enable Group 4** ; 9 2 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Open Time Window) (Day) (Time)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

**93. Enable Group 4** ; 9 3 ; [ \_ ] ; [ \_ \_ \_ \_ ] :  
(Close Time Window) (Day) (Time)  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

**94 - 98. Reserved**

### CLEAR ALL PROGRAMMING

**99. Clear All Lock Programming** ; 9 9 ; 0 0 0 :  
*(This Function enabled through keypad only)*

Clears all programming, and returns lock to factory default settings. Audit Trail contents are maintained. (See Glossary for definition of "default" settings).

**M**

# Groups and Scheduled Group 1 Examples

The following examples detail the more advanced features of the DK series locks. Although all features and device functions can be programmed using the lock keypad, when programming becomes more complex you may find it easier to use DL-Windows software to program your Alarm Lock security lock. For more information, contact your Alarm Lock security professional.

## Assign a User to Two Groups

Create a User 101 (all Users 101-150 are members of Group 2 by default) and include User 101 in Group 3 (as well as the default Group 2).

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
2. Using Function 2, create User 101 with a User Code of "789":  
Press 2 1 0 1 7 8 9 .
3. Using Function 35, make User 101 a member of Group 2 and 3:  
Press 3 5 1 0 1 2 3 .
4. Exit Program Mode.

**Note:** See step 3 above--although User 101 is by default a member of Group 2, you must include Group 2 when using Function 35 or the Group 2 association will be removed.

The example to add Users to Group 2 and Group 3 has been selected due to the fact that *Group 1 Activated Functions* require that a member of Group 1 enter their User Code to activate the Function, and it may become necessary to assign Users to Groups.

## Group 1 Activated Features: Functions 88/89, 90/91 and 92/93

- **Function 88 and 89** allow for a window of time to be created where if any Group 1 User Code is entered within the programmed window, *Passage Mode* will be activated (the device physically unlocks, allowing passage for all). If a Group 1 User does not enter their User Code during the specified window, Functions 88/89 remain inactive.
- **Function 90 and 91** allow for a window of time to be created where if any Group 1 User Code is entered within the programmed window, a *relay* will be activated for 2 seconds. This relay can be used with a burglar alarm control panel that has a key switch disarm option. See **To Disarm a Burglary Control Panel** on page 29. If a Group 1 User does not enter their User Code during the specified window, Functions 90/91 remain inactive.
- **Function 92 and 93** allow for a window of time to be created where if any Group 1 User Code is entered within the programmed window, the *User Codes in Group 4* will be enabled. If a Group 1 User does not enter their User Code during the specified window, Functions 92/93 remain inactive. Companies typically use this feature to allow Group 1 Managers the ability to enable all Group 4 staff members during a certain window of time.

The following examples illustrate how Functions 88-93 can be programmed into your DK Series lock via the keypad:

**Functions 88/89:** Use Function 88 to set an *Open Time Window* (during which the Group 1 User must enter their User Code), and then use Function 89 to set the time to close the Window. Re-lock the door at night manually (Function 46).

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
2. Using Function 2, create User 4 with a User Code of "456789":  
Press 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 .
3. Because User 4 does not have a default Group association, make User 4 a member of Group 1 using Function 35:  
Press 3 5 4 1 .
4. Use Function 88 and Function 89 (see page 28) to designate Passage Mode as being between the hours of 8:30 A.M. and 10 A.M. for all days of the week:  
**Function 88** (Open Window Time) = 8:30 A.M.: Press ; 8 8 ; 0 ; 0 8 3 0 :  
**Function 89** (Close Window Time) = 10:00 A.M.: Press ; 8 9 ; 0 ; 1 0 0 0 :  
5. Exit Program Mode (hold down any key for 3 seconds).

The lock will now be put in Passage Mode (device physically unlocked) if User 4 (or any Group 1 member) enters their User Code between 8:30 A.M. and 10 A.M. If a Group 1 User does not enter their User Code during the specified window, Functions 88/89 remain inactive

- The device will have to be manually locked each night by entering the following command using Function 46:  
; 4 6 :
- The device can also be programmed to automatically lock (disable Passage Mode) each night at 5 P.M. by using Function 73:  
; 3 ; 0 ; 1 7 0 0 :
- Remember to exit Function Mode when programming is complete.

# Groups and Scheduled Group 1 Examples (cont'd.)

**Functions 90/91:** Use Function 90 and 91 (see page 29) to create a window of time where if any Group 1 User Code is entered within the programmed window, a *relay* will be activated for 2 seconds. The relay can be configured to disarm a burglary control panel. See page 29.

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
2. Connect relay to a burglar control panel with switch input for disarming.
3. Using Function 2, create User 4 with a User Code of "456789":  
Press .
4. Because User 4 does not have a default Group association, make User 4 a member of Group 1 using Function 35:  
Press .
5. Use Function 90 to set the time to open the window (8:30 A.M. all days of the week) allowing any Group 1 member to close the relay for 2 seconds. **Note:** Only 1 relay closure will occur even if another member of Group 1 enters their User Code. Use Function 91 to set the time to close the window (10 A.M. for all days of the week):

**Function 90** (Open Window Time) = 8:30 A.M.: Press ; 9 0 ; 0 ; 0 8 3 0 :

**Function 91** (Close Window Time) = 10:00 A.M.: Press ; 9 1 ; 0 ; 1 0 0 0 :

6. Exit Program Mode (hold down any key for 3 seconds).

The relay will close, one time only, when a member of Group 1 enters their User Code between 8:30AM and 10:00AM. If a Group 1 User does not enter their User Code during the specified window, Functions 90/91 remain inactive

- The alarm panel will have to be armed at night by the User or by an automatic schedule function of the alarm panel.

**Functions 92/93:** Use Function 92 and 93 (see page 30) to create a window of time where if any Group 1 User Code is entered within the programmed window, *Group 4 Users* will be enabled.

1. Enter Program Mode (if not in already).
2. Using Function 2, create User 4 with a User Code of "456789":  
Press .
3. Because User 4 does not have a default Group association, make User 4 a member of Group 1 using Function 35:  
Press .
4. Using Function 17, disable Group 4. (Group 4 will need to be "disabled" before it can be "enabled" later).  
Press .
5. Use Function 92 to set the time to open the window (8:30 A.M. all days of the week) allowing any Group 1 member to enable Group 4. Use Function 93 to set the time to close the window (10:00 A.M. all days of the week).

**Function 92** (Open Window Time) = 8:30 A.M.: Press ; 9 2 ; 0 ; 0 8 3 0 :

**Function 93** (Close Window Time) = 10:00 A.M.: Press ; 9 3 ; 0 ; 1 0 0 0 :

6. Exit Program Mode (hold down any key for 3 seconds).

The lock will now enable Group 4 User Codes if User 4 (or any Group 1 member) enters their User Code between 8:30 A.M. and 10 A.M. If no Group 1 member arrives to enter their User Code between 8:30 A.M. and 10 A.M., Group 4 User Codes will not be enabled and will remain disabled all day.

- The device will have to be manually locked each night by entering the following command using Function 82:

; :

- The device can also be programmed to automatically disable Group 4 members each night at 5 P.M. by using Function 82:

; ; 0 ; 1 7 0 0 :

- Test the device by creating User 222 (with User Code 466466) and adding User 222 to Group 4:

; 2 ; 2 2 2 ; 4 6 6 4 6 6 :

; 3 5 ; 2 2 2 ; 4 :

- Remember to exit Function Mode when programming is complete.



# Programming Record Sheet

Default Values are shown in parentheses.

Function Number(s)	Function Name	Programming		
43/44	Clock Adjust	+/- <table style="display: inline-table; border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td></tr></table> 0-55 <small>(0) (0) Seconds</small>		
52/53/54	Pass Time	(3 sec) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 sec <input type="checkbox"/> 15 sec <input type="checkbox"/>		
60	Set Lockout Attempts	<table style="display: inline-table; border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td></tr></table> 1-9 Attempts <small>(6)</small>		
61	Set Lockout Time	<table style="display: inline-table; border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td></tr></table> 1-60 seconds <small>(1) (8)</small>		
64/65	Remote Input Momentary	(Enable) <input type="checkbox"/> Disable <input type="checkbox"/>		
66	Ambush Code	<table style="display: inline-table; border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td><td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td></tr></table> 00-99 <small>(9) (9) Ambush Code</small>		
67	Add Relay/System Features	<p>Check all that apply</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remote Input switch closed and Function 65 <i>Remote Input</i> enabled <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>2. Remote Input switch closed and Function 64 <i>Remote Input</i> disabled <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>3. Failed attempted entry <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>4. Disabled User or Group <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>5. Follow Access Granted <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>6. Group 1 User Code <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>7. Scheduled Lock Event <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>8. Scheduled Unlock Event <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>9. Lock Out <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>10. Ambush <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>11. First Key Press <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>25. Disable Sounder <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>26. 5 sec. Delayed Entry <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>27. 15 sec. Delayed Entry <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>28. 45 sec. Delayed Entry <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>29. Toggle Passage Mode <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>30. Forced Unlock Follows Remote Input <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>31. Follow Access Granted--No Time Limit <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>32. Remote Input Disables Unit <input type="checkbox"/></li> <li>33. Remote Input Puts Unit in PC Communication Mode <input type="checkbox"/></li> </ul>		
69/70	Enter Key	Enable <input type="checkbox"/> (Disable) <input type="checkbox"/>		

## User Code Record Sheet

User Number (1-2000)	User Code (3-6 digits)						Group Association				User Name
							1	2	3	4	

**Note:**  
 For a complete list of user codes, obtain a printout from either the remote printer (Program Function 56) or using the DL-WINDOWS Software.

# Schedule Record Sheet

<b>Function Number</b>	<b>Day(s)</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Function Name</b>
	Up to 500 scheduled functions can be programmed (Up to only 150 using AL-DTM2). For Day Enter : 1 = Sunday, 2 = Monday, 3 = Tuesday, 4 = Wednesday 5 = Thursday, 6 = Friday, 7 = Saturday, 8 = Monday through Friday, 9 = Saturday and Sunday, 0 = All days of the week Enter time of day in 24-hour format (00:00- 23:59)		
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# Glossary

**ACCESS** = Entry into a restricted area.

**AMBUSH** = A special Code entered at the keypad when the User is forced to unlock a device. The device unlocks but sends a silent alarm with no indication at the keypad. Can be used to trip a relay, to alert security, or trip a silent alarm on a Burglary Control Panel.

**AUDIT TRAIL** = A date/time stamped log of previous lock events.


**BURGLARY CONTROL PANEL** = Provides local alarm and remote communication to request security for burglary/break-in.

## CLOCK

• **REAL TIME CLOCK** = An accurate built-in clock that allows date/time stamping of events. The clock can be slowed or speeded up to fine tune long term accuracy to within three minutes per year.

• **CLOCK SETTINGS** = Printout includes date, time, weekday, and clock speed.

• **CLOCK SPEED** = The clock can be adjusted to allow faster/slower speeds and therefore increasing clock accuracy.

**CODE** = Numeric sequence of numbers (such as: 1234) entered at the keypad. If Star-Enter-Key is required, must be followed by a  key.

• **AMBUSH CODE** = See Ambush.

• **BASIC USER CODE** = User Codes assigned to User Numbers 12+ (except Users 297-300). (Does not allow programming)

• **INSTALLER CODE** = User Codes assigned to User Numbers 2 and 3. (Allows all programming except Master functions).

• **INVALID CODE** = A User Code that has not been programmed in the lock.

• **MANAGER CODE** = User Codes assigned to User Numbers 4 through 6. (Allows most of the programming functions).

• **MASTER CODE** = User Code assigned to User Number 1. Default (factory) Master Code is 123456. The User with the Master Code has complete control of the lock.

• **PRINT ONLY USER CODE** = User Code assigned to Users 10 and 11. (Allows no programming except print functions).

• **QUICK ENABLE USER 300 CODE** = Refers to the User Code entered by User 297 which (when entered at the keypad) enables the User Code assigned to User 300 for one time only.

• **QUICK PC ACCESS CODE** = Permits upload/download to DL-Windows Software on IBM/compatible computer running Microsoft Windows 95, 98, or NT 4.0. Refers to the User Code for User 298.

• **SERVICE CODE** = User 300 User Code. Allows only one entry, then needs to be re-enabled by the User 297 User Code to regain access.

• **SUPERVISOR CODE** = User Codes assigned to Users 7, 8 and 9. Can only program day-to-day operation.

• **USER CODE** = Code used by Users. Code is 3 to 6 numeric digits long, allowing controlled entry.

• **VALID CODE** = An entered User Code that has been programmed in the device.

**COM PORT** = A computer serial communications port used to communicate with the Lock and/or Data Transfer Module.

**DATA TRANSFER MODULE** = A device that permits transfer of program/data between a computer and the lock.

**DATE** = Month, Day and Year entered as MMDDYY.

**DAY OF WEEK** = Sunday through Saturday (where 1 = Sunday and 7 = Saturday).

**DEFAULT** = Default settings are the original settings that were set at the factory; in other words, it is the lock's original factory condition when the lock was first taken out of its box. The default settings are permanently encoded within the lock's fixed memory, and when the lock is first started, or when power is removed and re-applied (see Wiring and Power-Up, page 11), the original factory default settings are re-loaded and take effect.

**DISABLE** = Turn off.

**DOOR NUMBER** = Identification of each door with a specific number (1-96). (Used with AL-DTM2 Transfer Module)

**DOWNLOAD** = Send data to lock or AL-DTM.

**ENABLE** = Turn on.

**EVENTS** = Recorded lock activity.

**FUNCTION** (also called **Programming Functions**) = are the numbers used to program lock features (enabling/disabling Users, User Groups, Passage Mode, Schedules, etc.).

## GROUP

• **USER GROUP** = Defining a User to specific Groups, allows User entry when the Group is allowed entry.



• **GROUP 1 DISARMS BURGLAR CONTROL** = A Group 1 USER CODE entry can disarm an alarm panel during a predefined schedule. Should the Group 1 enter the lock outside of the scheduled time, the alarm will not disarm. The alarm panel must be armed through other means (such as an Alarm Panel Keypad). The Burglary Alarm Panel must be programmed to disarm from an Armed State Only and the zone input must be programmed for input disarming.

# Glossary (cont'd)

• **GROUP 1 ENABLES GROUP 4 USERS** = A Group 1 USER CODE entry during a predefined schedule will allow access to Group 4 Users.

• **GROUP 1 PUTS UNIT IN PASSAGE** = A Group 1 USER CODE entry during a pre-defined schedule will unlock unit.

**INSTALLER** = See.... CODE, INSTALLER CODE.

**KEYPAD** = 10-numeric keys,  and special  key.

• **KEYPAD LOCKOUT** = Keypad is programmed to lockout Users, for a specified period of time, when a specified number of invalid User Codes are entered.

• **KEYPAD PROGRAMMING** = Ability to program the lock through the keypad.

**KEYPRESS** = Pressing a button on the Lock's Keypad.

**LEVEL ABILITY** = Predefined User Types (such as Master, Installer, Manager, Supervisor, and Print Only User) have specific abilities to program and/or control the lock.

**LOCKOUT ATTEMPTS** = A specified number of invalid User Code entries (1-9), that will disable the keypad for a predefined period of time (1-60 seconds).

**LOCKOUT TIME** = A predefined time (1-60) seconds that the lock will stop accepting User Codes, after a specified number of invalid User Code entries (1-9).


**LOG** = See... AUDIT TRAIL.

**MANAGER** = See... CODE, MANAGER CODE.

**MASTER** = See... CODE, MASTER CODE.

**PASSAGE** = Allow anyone to pass through the door without USER CODES (door is unlocked).

**PRINTER** = A printout device such as an infrared printer or computer printer.

**PROGRAM MODE** = A mode allowing program/data to be entered through the keypad. Only specific Users can program a lock manually, by entering their USER CODE, followed by the  key. To exit program mode, hold any key until repeated beeps are heard.

**PROGRAMMABLE RELAY FUNCTIONS** = The relay can be programmed for one or more functions.

**RELAY** = Switched output allowing remote control of other devices. For an explanation of all relay features, see Function 67 on page 26.

**REMOTE INPUT** = Entry into a restricted area, by pressing a button connected to the REMOTE INPUT WIRES (White and White) by someone on the other side of the door.

**SCHEDULE** = A programmed operation (enable/disable, lock/unlock, etc.) on a specific day (Sunday through Saturday) and time.

**SCHEDULES, QUICK** = Any one of four most common types of schedules can be programmed.

**TIME** = Hours and Minutes in the HHMM format.

**TIME/DATE STAMP** = A recorded date and time that an event occurred.

**TIMEOUT** = Immediate operation for a specified number of hours.

**UPLOAD** = Receive data from the lock or AL-DTM.

**USER** = A person who has been provided with a USER CODE for access through the door.

**USER LOCKOUT, TOTAL** = All Users (except for Master Code) have been locked out.

# NOTES

# NOTES

## **ALARM LOCK LIMITED WARRANTY**

ALARM LOCK SYSTEMS, INC. (ALARM LOCK) warrants its products to be free from manufacturing defects in materials and workmanship for 24 months following the date of manufacture. ALARM LOCK will, within said period, at its option, repair or replace any product failing to operate correctly without charge to the original purchaser or user.

This warranty shall not apply to any equipment, or any part thereof, which has been repaired by others, improperly installed, improperly used, abused, altered, damaged, subjected to acts of God, or on which any serial numbers have been altered, defaced or removed. Seller will not be responsible for any dismantling or reinstallation charges.

THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION ON THE FACE HEREOF. THERE IS NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. ADDITIONALLY, THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES ON THE PART OF ALARM LOCK.

Any action for breach of warranty, including but not limited to any implied warranty of merchantability, must be brought within the six months following the end of the warranty period. IN NO CASE SHALL ALARM LOCK BE LIABLE TO ANYONE FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF THIS OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, EVEN IF THE LOSS OR DAMAGE IS CAUSED BY THE SELLER'S OWN NEGLIGENCE OR FAULT.

In case of defect, contact the security professional who installed and maintains your security system. In order to exercise the warranty, the product must be returned by the security professional, shipping costs prepaid and insured to ALARM LOCK. After repair or replacement, ALARM LOCK assumes the cost of returning products under warranty. ALARM LOCK shall have no obligation under this warranty, or otherwise, if the product has been repaired by others, improperly installed, improperly used, abused, altered, damaged, subjected to accident, nuisance, flood, fire or acts of God, or on which any serial numbers have been altered, defaced or removed. ALARM LOCK will not be responsible for any dismantling, reassembly or reinstallation charges.

This warranty contains the entire warranty. It is the sole warranty and any prior agreements or representations, whether oral or written, are either merged herein or are expressly canceled. ALARM LOCK neither assumes, nor authorizes any other person purporting to act on its behalf to modify, to change, or to assume for it, any other warranty or liability concerning its products.

In no event shall ALARM LOCK be liable for an amount in excess of ALARM LOCK's original selling price of the product, for any loss or damage, whether direct, indirect, incidental, consequential, or otherwise arising out of any failure of the product. Seller's warranty, as hereinabove set forth, shall not be enlarged, diminished or affected by and no obligation or liability shall arise or grow out of Seller's rendering of technical advice or service in connection with Buyer's order of the goods furnished hereunder.

**ALARM LOCK RECOMMENDS THAT THE ENTIRE SYSTEM BE COMPLETELY TESTED WEEKLY.**

Warning: Despite frequent testing, and due to, but not limited to, any or all of the following; criminal tampering, electrical or communications disruption, it is possible for the system to fail to perform as expected. ALARM LOCK does not represent that the product/system may not be compromised or circumvented; or that the product or system will prevent any personal injury or property loss by burglary, robbery, fire or otherwise; nor that the product or system will in all cases provide adequate warning or protection. A properly installed and maintained alarm may only reduce risk of burglary, robbery, fire or otherwise but it is not insurance or a guarantee that these events will not occur. CONSEQUENTLY, SELLER SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY PERSONAL INJURY, PROPERTY DAMAGE, OR OTHER LOSS BASED ON A CLAIM THE PRODUCT FAILED TO GIVE WARNING. Therefore, the installer should in turn advise the consumer to take any and all precautions for his or her safety including, but not limited to, fleeing the premises and allege police or fire department, in order to mitigate the possibilities of harm and/or damage.

ALARM LOCK is not an insurer of either the property or safety of the user's family or employees, and limits its liability for any loss or damage including incidental or consequential damages to ALARM LOCK's original selling price of the product regardless of the cause of such loss or damage.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or differentiate in their treatment of limitations of liability for ordinary or gross negligence, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This Warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.